

watco® SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin
Product description : Floorcoating.
Product type : Liquid.
UFI : 7GV0-U0HS-100J-2UQ6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Industrial Professional | |
| Uses advised against | Reason |
| Consumer use | Product is not intended for consumer use. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Watco UK Limited
Eastgate Court
195-205 High Street
Guildford
Surrey
GU1 3EH
Telephone no.: +44 (0) 1483 425000 (08:00 - 18:00)
Fax no.: +44 (0) 1483 428888
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number United Kingdom: : 809 2166
Northern Ireland : Available 8am to 10pm 7 days per week

Supplier

Telephone number United Kingdom: : +353 19014670
Northern Ireland
Hours of operation : 24 / 7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Skin Sens. 1, H317
STOT SE 3, H335
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General

: Not applicable.

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Storage

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9
diethyl fumarate
pine oil
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate
Turpentine, oil
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Type |
|---|--|-----------|--|---|---------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | REACH #: 01-0000017556-64 EC: 429-270-1 CAS: 136210-30-5 Index: 607-521-00-8 | ≥50 - ≤75 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | - | [1] |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 List #: 918-668-5 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| diethyl fumarate | EC: 210-819-7 CAS: 623-91-6 | ≤5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Oral] = 1780 mg/kg | [1] |
| pine oil | CAS: 8002-09-3 List #: 616-792-1 | ≤3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | - | [1] |
| proprietary additive | - | ≤3 | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | - | [1] |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 255-437-1 CAS: 41556-26-7 | ≤1 | Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0 | ≤1 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] [2] |

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | | |
|---|--|------|---|---|---------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7 | ≤1 | STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | - | [1] [2] |
| xylene (mixture of isomeres) | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 | ≤1 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| Turpentine, oil | REACH #: 01-2119553060-53 EC: 232-350-7 CAS: 8006-64-2 Index: 650-002-00-6 | ≤0,3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 13,7 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | EC: 280-060-4 CAS: 82919-37-7 | ≤0,3 | Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≤0,3 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17 mg/l | [1] [2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

List numbers have no legal significance.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| P5c E2 | 5000 tonne 200 tonne | 50000 tonne 500 tonne |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|---|
| Turpentine, oil | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 850 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 566 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|---|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 28 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| Turpentine, oil | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0,161 mg/cm ² | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 25 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5,98 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0,081 mg/cm ² | General population [Consumers] | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1,06 mg/m ³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Oral | 0,31 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|--|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | Fresh water | 0,00013 mg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0,000013 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0,21 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0,02 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 0,1 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 31,1 mg/l | - |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Secondary Poisoning | 66,67 mg/kg | - |
| | Fresh water | 0,327 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0,327 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 2,31 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Sewage Treatment Plant | 6,58 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water | 0,635 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 3,29 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0,329 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 0,29 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | - |
| xylene (mixture of isomeres) | Fresh water | 0,327 mg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Marine water | 0,327 mg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 12,46 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 2,31 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 6,58 mg/l | - |
| Turpentine, oil | Fresh water sediment | 8,8 µg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0,88 µg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 2,27 mg/kg | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0,227 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 0,45 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 6,6 mg/l | - |
| ethylbenzene | Fresh water | 0,1 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0,01 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 13,7 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 1,37 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 2,68 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 9,6 mg/l | - |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): polyethylene/ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVAL) gloves

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 141)

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Colourless. Yellow.
Odour : Not available.

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | 165 to 181 | 329 to 357,8 | ASTM D 86 |

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75,2°F) [Literature]

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant due to nature of the product.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

pH : Justification : Product is non-polar/aprotic.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 140 to 250 mPa·s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Solubility(ies) :
Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | 1,5001 | 0,2 | calculated. | | | |

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Relative density : 1,02

Density : 0,99 to 1,05 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >4,224 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 diethyl fumarate | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1780 mg/kg | - |
| pine oil | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2,1 g/kg | - |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| Turpentine, oil | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 16600 mg/m ³ | 2 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 13700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 13700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3956 mg/kg | - |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | LDLo Dermal | Rabbit | 5010 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 diethyl fumarate | 8400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| pine oil | 1780 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Turpentine, oil | 2100 | 5000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | 500 | 1100 | N/A | 13,7 | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 1 | - | - |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 UI | - |
| pine oil | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | Skin - Oedema | Rabbit | 0 | - | - |
| | Turpentine, oil | Human | - | 0.1 Percent | - |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Oedema | Rabbit | 0 | - | - |

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Experiment | Result |
|---|----------|---|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | OECD 471 | Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria | Negative |
| | OECD 473 | Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal | Negative |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | OECD 471 | Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria | Negative |
| | OECD 471 | Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria | Negative |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | - | - | Negative | Mammal - species unspecified | Route of exposure unreported | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |
| diethyl fumarate | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| pine oil | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Turpentine, oil | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|----------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | Sub-acute NOAEL Oral | Rat | 1000 mg/kg | - |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|----------------------------------|--|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | Acute EC50 88,6 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 48 hours |
| | Acute IC50 113 mg/l | Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| diethyl fumarate pine oil | Acute LC50 66 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0,01 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 21 days |
| | Acute LC50 4500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 24,5 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia spec. - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | Acute LC50 18,35 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1,68 mg/l | Aquatic plants - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| Turpentine, oil | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Bacteria | 3 hours |
| | Acute EC50 20 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 24 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0,97 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7,9 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 21 days |
| | Acute EC50 17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | Acute EC50 8,8 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 29 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1,68 mg/l | Aquatic plants - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Bacteria | 3 hours |
| | Acute EC50 20 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 24 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0,97 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7,9 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|-----------|------------------------------|------|----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | OECD 301F | 13 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | OECD 302C | 0 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| | OECD 301F | 38 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| | OECD 301F | 38 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|--|------------|------------------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | Fresh water 28 days, pH 4, 25°C (OECD 111) Fresh water 1 days, pH 7, 25°C (OECD 111) Fresh water 0,7 days, pH 9, 25°C (OECD 111) | - | Not readily |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | - | - | Readily |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | - | - | Not readily |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | - | - | Not readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate | 5,16 | 0,25 | low |
| hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 | 3.7 to 4.5 | 10 to 2500 | high |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 2.4 to 2.8 | - | low |
| Turpentine, oil | 4,5 | - | high |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | 2.4 to 2.8 | - | low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | Paint | Paint (hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9) | Paint. Marine pollutant (tetraethylN,N'-(methylenedicyclohexane-4,1-diyl) bis-dl-aspartate, hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9) | Paint |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3  |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Additional information | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Limited quantity 5L Tunnel code (D/E) | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E;S-E Remarks : ≤ 5L: Limited Quantity - | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo |

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | | | | |
|--|--|--|----------|--|
| | | | IMDG 3.4 | Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. |
|--|--|--|----------|--|

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture : 2004/42/EC - IIA/j: 500g/l (2010). <= 240g/l VOC.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EC)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants (850/2004/EC)

Not listed.

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c
E2

National regulations

United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

References : EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878
REGULATION (EU) 2016/425 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

International regulations

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

| List name | Ingredient name | Status |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| Not listed. | | |

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

| List name | Ingredient name | Status |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| Not listed. | | |

CN code : 3209 90 00 00

Inventory list

- Australia** : At least one component is not listed.
- Canada** : Not determined.
- China** : At least one component is not listed.
- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
- Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: At least one component is not listed.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
- New Zealand** : At least one component is not listed.
- Philippines** : Not determined.
- Republic of Korea** : Not determined.
- Taiwan** : At least one component is not listed.
- Thailand** : Not determined.
- Turkey** : Not determined.
- United States** : At least one component is not listed.
- Viet Nam** : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 N/A = Not available
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 SGG = Segregation Group
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | Expert judgment |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Expert judgment |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Expert judgment |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Expert judgment |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Expert judgment |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|--------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - |

Tack Coat Sub Zero - Resin

SECTION 16: Other information

Category 3

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Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.