

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

| 1.1 Product identifier | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Product name | : Tankguard Holding Primer Comp B |
| UFI | : S00T-C1WV-300M-4GW1 |
| Product code | : 20220 |
| Product description | : Hardener. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Jotun A/S | Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| P.O.Box 2021 | Stather Road |
| 3202 Sandefjord | Flixborough, Scunthorpe |
| Norway | North Lincolnshire |
| Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 | DN15 8RR |
| Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 | England |
| E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no | - |
| | Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 |
| | Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 |
| | |

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.Supplier: +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| Hazard pictograms | : | |
|---|----|--|
| Signal word | | Danger. |
| Hazard statements | | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : | Not applicable. |
| Prevention | : | P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| Response | : | P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | en | <u>ts</u> |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : | Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : | Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : | This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | None known. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Туре |
|---|--|-----------|---|---------|
| formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | REACH #: 01-2119541673-38 EC: 603-894-6 CAS: 135108-88-2 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
| benzyl alcohol | REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5 | ≥25 - ≤38 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≤13 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m- phenylenebis(methylamine) | REACH #: Polymer EC: 500-137-0 CAS: 57214-10-5 | ≤10 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] |
| butan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6 | ≤6.5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | REACH #: 01-2119480150-50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0 | <5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH071 | [1] |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0 | ≤5 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | [1] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≤4.9 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- | REACH #: 01-2119541673-38 EC: 217-168-8 CAS: 1761-71-3 | ≤3 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (liver) | [1] |
| salicylic acid | REACH #: 01-2119486984-17 EC: 200-712-3 | ≤2.8 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d | [1] |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

CAS: 69-72-7

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| Eye contact | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Inhalation | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : | Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated, m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine, cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
|---------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray. |
|--|
| : Do not use water jet. |
| from the substance or mixture |
| : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides |
| |

5.3 Advice for firefighters

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 21.04.2023 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
|--------------------------------|--------------|

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| | - | |
|---|---|----|
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. | if |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. | |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | ote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | со | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small snill | | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and |

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| | - |
|---------------------|---|
| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take |
| | |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| | precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne |
| E2 | 200 tonne | 500 tonne |

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

| Recommendations | : Not available. |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Industrial sector specific solutions | : Not available. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|--|
| xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| butan-1-ol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 154 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| ethylbenzene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

| Recommended monitoring | : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Refer | ence to |
|------------------------|---|---------|
| procedures | national guidance documents for methods for the determination of haza | ardous |
| | substances will also be required. | |

DNELs/DMELs

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 21.04.2023

Date of previous issue

: 30.03.2023

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection **Product/ingredient name** Туре Value **Population** Effects **Exposure** formaldehyde, polymer with DNEL 0.2 mg/m³ Workers Long term Systemic benzenamine, hydrogenated Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 2 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/dav DNEL Short term 2 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL Short term Dermal 6 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day benzyl alcohol DNEL Long term Oral 4 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 4 mg/kg General Systemic population bw/day DNEL 5.4 mg/m³ General Long term Systemic population Inhalation DNEL Workers Long term Dermal 8 mg/kg Systemic bw/day DNEL Short term Oral 20 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Short term Dermal 20 mg/kg General Systemic bw/day population DNEL Workers Long term 22 mg/m³ Systemic Inhalation DNEL Short term 27 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Short term Dermal 40 mg/kg Workers Systemic bw/day DNEL Short term 110 mg/m³ Workers Systemic Inhalation xylene DNEL Long term 65.3 mg/m³ General Local Inhalation population DNEL Short term 260 mg/m³ General Local Inhalation population DNEL 260 mg/m³ Systemic Short term General Inhalation population DNEL Long term 221 mg/m³ Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral 12.5 mg/ General Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL 65.3 mg/m Long term General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL 125 mg/kg Long term Dermal General Systemic bw/day population DNEL 212 mg/kg Long term Dermal Workers Systemic bw/day 221 mg/m³ DNEL Long term Workers Systemic Inhalation DNEL 442 mg/m³ Short term Workers Local Inhalation DNEL 442 mg/m³ Short term Workers Systemic Inhalation butan-1-ol DNEL Long term Oral 1.5625 mg/ General Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 3.125 mg/ General Systemic kg bw/day population DNEL Long term 55.357 mg General Systemic Inhalation m³ population DNEL Long term General Local 155 mg/m³ Inhalation population DNEL Long term 310 mg/m³ Workers Local Inhalation m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine DNEL Long term 0.2 mg/m³ Workers Local Inhalation DNEL Long term Dermal 0.33 mg/ Workers Systemic

Version : 1.02

8/20

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | ka bw/day | | |
|--|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | kg bw/day 1.2 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | DMEL | Long term Dermal | 0.2 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| pronoi | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.31 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.075 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | kg bw/day 0.075 mg/ | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | kg bw/day 0.075 mg/ kg bw/day | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term | 0.13 mg/m ³ | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term | 0.13 mg/m ³ | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Dermal | 0.15 mg/ | population Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | kg bw/day 0.53 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term Dermal | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 2.1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| ethylbenzene | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 77 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Long term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Short term Inhalation | 884 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis- | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.63 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.21 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.125 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.125 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.053 mg/ | [Consumers] Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | kg bw/day 0.13 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| salicylic acid | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.3 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | | | - | | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | - 1 | | | | |
|-----|-----|------------|---------|------------|----------|
| DNI | EL | Long term | 4 mg/m³ | General | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | | population | |
| DNI | EL | Long term | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | | Inhalation | | | |
| DNI | EL | Long term | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Inhalation | | | |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| benzyl alcohol | Fresh water | 1 mg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0.1 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 39 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | | |
| | Fresh water sediment | 5.27 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.527 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 0.456 mg/kg dwt | - |
| kylene | Fresh water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 6.58 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | | |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 2.31 mg/kg dwt | - |
| butan-1-ol | Fresh water | 0.082 mg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0.0082 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 2476 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | | |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.178 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.0178 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 0.015 mg/kg dwt | - |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Fresh water | 0.084 mg/l | - |
| | Marine | 0.0084 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 0.2 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | U U | |
| ethylbenzene | Fresh water | 0.1 mg/l | - |
| , | Marine | 0.01 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 9.6 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | | |
| | Fresh water sediment | 13.7 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 2.68 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Secondary Poisoning | 20 mg/kg | - |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis- | Fresh water | 0.008 mg/l | - |
| , , , , , | Marine | 0.0008 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment | 80 mg/l | - |
| | Plant | <u> </u> | |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.39 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.039 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 0.072 mg/kg dwt | - |

8.2 Exposure controls **Appropriate engineering** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, **Hygiene measures** before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

| Date of issue/Date of revision | n |
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, |
|---|
| gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. |

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Clear. |
| Odour | : Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not applicable. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 207.35°C (405.2°F) |

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 21.04.202 | 3 Date of previous issue | : 30.03.2023 | Version : 1.02 11/20 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
|--|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------|

| ۱d | chemical properties |
|----|--|
| 1 | Not applicable. |
| 1 | 0.8 - 13% |
| 1 | Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F) |
| 1 | Lowest known value: 300°C (572°F) (cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-). |
| 1 | Not available. |
| : | Not applicable. |
| : | Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s |
| 1 | Not available. |
| : | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.22 kPa (1.65 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| 1 | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.29compared with butyl acetate |
| 1 | 1 g/cm³ |
| 1 | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 3.58 (Air = 1) |
| 1 | Not available. |
| 1 | Not available. |
| | |
| 1 | Not applicable. |
| | |

.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| : | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
|---|--|
| | |
| 1 | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| | |
| : | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. |
| | : |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Contains formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated, m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine, cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | LD50 Oral | Rat | 300 mg/kg | - |
| benzyl alcohol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1230 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 20 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | TDLo Dermal | Rabbit | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| butan-1-ol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | LD50 Oral | Rat | 980 mg/kg | - |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1673 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Tankguard Holding Primer Comp B | 658.7 | 9687.4 | N/A | 26.0 | N/A |
| formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | 300 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1230 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1100 | N/A | 20 | N/A |
| butan-1-ol | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | 980 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 1673 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | N/A | N/A | 17.8 | N/A |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis- | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| salicylic acid | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| benzyl alcohol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 µg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 750 µg | - |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 µg | - |
| (| Skin - Severe irritant | Rat | - | 0.25 ml | - |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 10 microliters | - |
| salicylic acid | Eyes - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |

Sensitisation

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| | - <u>g</u> | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------|
| salicylic acid | - | - | Positive | | Oral: 150 mg/kg | - |

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | Category 2 | oral | kidneys |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis- | Category 2 | - | liver |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | | |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | | |

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion | Causes serious eye damage. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if swallowed. |
|--|---|
| Symptoms related to the p | hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 21.04.2023 Date of previous issue : 30.03.2023 Version : 1.02 14/20 |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
|-------------------|--|
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Other information | : None identified. |
| | |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|----------|
| xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | Acute LC50 25.9 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | Acute EC50 12 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Diatom - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- | Acute EC50 6.84 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| - | Acute IC50 140 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 46 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| salicylic acid | Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia Iongispina - Neonate | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary : This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| benzyl alcohol | - | - | Readily |
| xylene | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- | - | - | Not readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| BECTION 12. ECOlOgi | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential | |
| formaldehyde, polymer with | - | 209 to 219 | low | |
| benzenamine, hydrogenated | | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | <100 | low | |
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low | |
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | low | |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- | 0.18 | 2.69 | low | |
| diamine | | | | |
| 2,4,6-tris | 0.219 | - | low | |
| (dimethylaminomethyl) | | | | |
| phenol | | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low | |
| cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- | 2.03 | - | low | |
| methylenebis- | | | | |
| salicylic acid | 2.21 to 2.26 | - | low | |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

| 12.6 Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical haza | ırds. |
|----------------------------|---|-------|
|----------------------------|---|-------|

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| Product | |
|---------------------|---|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. |
| Waste catalogue | |
| Waste code | Waste designation |
| 08 01 11* | Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances |
| Packaging | · |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |
| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue |
| CEPE Guidelines | 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| 14.1 UN number | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | Paint, corrosive, flammable | Paint, corrosive, flammable | Paint, corrosive, flammable. Marine pollutant (Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-phenylenebis (methylamine)) | Paint, corrosive, flammable |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) |
| | ₹ <u>₹</u> | ¥2 | ¥2 | |
| 14.4 Packing group | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

| Auditional information | | |
|---|---|---|
| ADR/RID | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Hazard identification number 83 Tunnel code (D/E) |
| ADN | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. |
| IMDG | 1 | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-C |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available. |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| P5c E2 | | | | | |
| EU regulations | | | | | |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air | : Not listed | | | | |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water | : Not listed | | | | |
| International regulations | | | | | |
| <u> Chemical Weapon Conventi</u> | on List Schedu | <u>iles I, II & III Chemica</u> | <u>als</u> | | |
| Not listed. | | | | | |
| Montreal Protocol Not listed. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Stockholm Convention on P | <u>Persistent Orga</u> | nic Pollutants | | | |
| Not listed. | | | | | |
| Rotterdam Convention on P Not listed. | rior Informed (| <u>Consent (PIC)</u> | | | |
| UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed. | POPs and Hea | <u>vy Metals</u> | | | |
| 5.2 Chemical safety ssessment | : This product required. | t contains substances | for which Chemical Saf | fety Assessments are st | till |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 21.04.2023 | Date of previous issue | : 30.03.2023 | Version : 1.02 | 18/20 |

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
|----------------------------|--|
| | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method |
| Skin Corr. 1B, H314 | Calculation method |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 2, H373 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| 11005 | |
|--------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Full text of classifications

| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| | <u> </u> |

SECTION 16: Other information

| Skin Corr. 1C | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C |
|------------------------|---|
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |
| Date of printing | : 21.04.2023 |
| Date of issue/ Date of | : 21.04.2023 |
| revision | |
| Date of previous issue | e : 30.03.2023 |
| Version | : 1.02 |
| Notice to reader | |

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.